

# Managing FMLA Leaves: Twenty Years of Developments, Failures, and Lessons Learned

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**2013  
Marked The  
Twenty Year  
Anniversary  
Of The Family  
And Medical  
Leave Act**





## DOL Releases FMLA Survey

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- Employers generally find it easy to comply with the law.
- Misuse of the FMLA by workers is rare.
- 91% of employers report that complying with the FMLA has either no noticeable effect or a positive effect on business operations.



## **New FMLA Poster**

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# **EMPLOYEE RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT**

**Effective March 8, 2013**

## Poster Highlights

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- Definition of “veteran” includes those who serve and those discharged in the past 5 years (previously only those who were in current service)
- Explicit definition of “serious injury or illness” removed and replaced by a notice that there are differences between “serious injury or illness” for a service member and “serious health condition” for an employee or family member.

## DOL Issues New Regulations on Military Leave and Airline Personnel

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- Military caregiver leave was extended to cover veterans (those discharged or released under other than dishonorable discharge conditions five years before the employer's military caregiver leave begins).
- Medical certification can be from any healthcare provider not just military care providers



# DOL Issues Final Regulations

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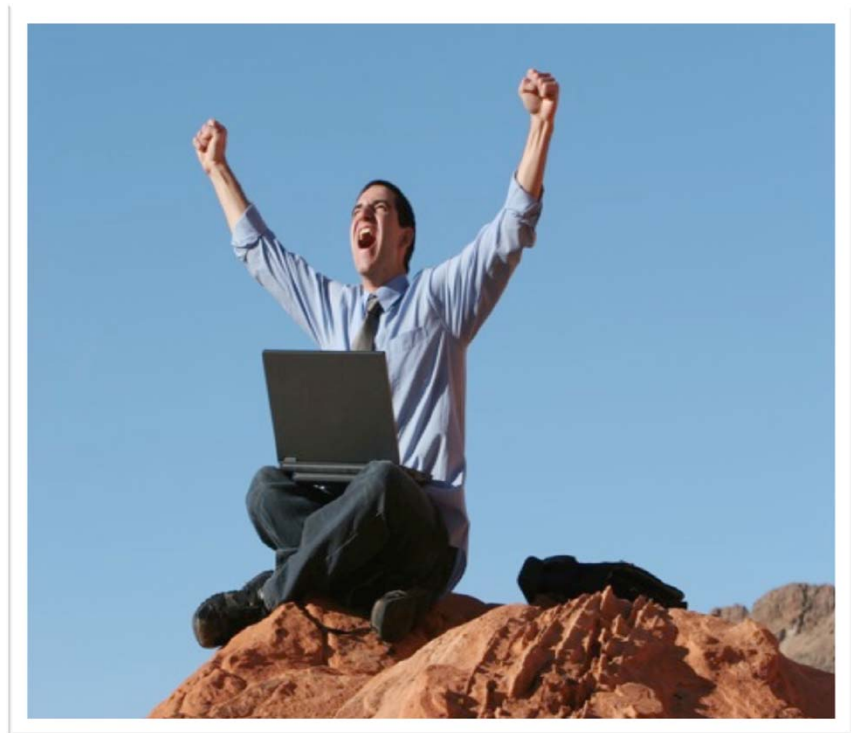
- Qualifying exigency leave is extended to service members of the regular armed forces and not just National Guard and reserves.
- Eligible employees can now take 15 instead of just 5 days of qualifying exigency leave for a service member's rest and recuperation.
- Qualifying exigency leave now available for parental care leave made necessary by the covered active duty of a military member whose parent is incapable of self-care.

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# **Any Chance Of Further FMLA Changes/Expansions?**

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# Twenty Years of Developments, Failures, and Lessons Learned



# Some FMLA Developments/ Failures/Lessons Learned

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# I. The ADA vs. The FMLA

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- One of the most profound changes affecting how employers administer the FMLA arose with the 2008 Amendments to the ADA, i.e. the ADAAA.
- Today, the ADAAA acts almost as an umbrella or shadow over the FMLA.
- This can best be illustrated by three examples:

## EXAMPLE A

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**An employee with an ADA disability has taken 10 weeks of FMLA leave and is preparing to return to work. The employer wants to put her in an equivalent position rather than her original one.**

## EXAMPLE A (continued)

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**Although this is permissible under the FMLA, the ADA requires that the employer return the employee to her original position. Unless the employer can show that this would cause an undue hardship, or that the employee is no longer qualified for her original position (with or without reasonable accommodation), the employer must reinstate the employee to her original position.**

## EXAMPLE B

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**An employee with an ADA disability has taken 12 weeks of FMLA leave. He notifies his employer that he is ready to return to work, but he is no longer able to perform the essential functions of his position or an equivalent position.**



## **EXAMPLE B** (continued)

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**Under the FMLA, the employer could terminate his employment, but under the ADA the employer must consider whether the employee could perform the essential functions with reasonable accommodation (e.g., additional leave, part-time schedule, job restructuring, or use of specialized equipment). If not, the ADA requires the employer to reassign the employee if there is a vacant position available for which he is qualified, with or without reasonable accommodation, and there is no undue hardship.**

## The ADA vs. The FMLA

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Therefore, even when the FMLA leave is first requested by an employee, the employer needs to be thinking in terms of the ADAAA if the “serious health condition” could possibly be a “disability” under the ADAAA.

If so, the employer needs to:

- Engage in the interactive process
- Reasonable accommodation

## EXAMPLE C

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**Understand that the ADAAA may require  
leave beyond FMLA leave**



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**Courts are basically in uniform agreement with the EEOC that under the ADAAA “the use of accrued paid leave or unpaid leave is a form of reasonable accommodation when necessitated by an employee’s disability.”**

***EEOC Enforcement Guidance on Reasonable Accommodation and Undue Hardship, No. 915.002 (10/22/02)***

# The General Rules

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- An employer must engage in an interactive problem solving process with the employee to determine if reasonable accommodations are available that would allow the employee to fully perform the essential functions of the job.
- A reasonable accommodation (which may be additional unpaid leave) must be provided unless it causes an undue hardship for the employer.

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***“Trucking Co. To Pay \$4.8M To End  
EEOC Disability Bias Suit”***

***November 12, 2012***

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**The EEOC's suit claimed the Company violated the ADAAA by automatically terminating any employee who needed more than 12 weeks of leave, rather than determining whether it would be reasonable to provide additional leave as an accommodation for an employee's disability.**

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## II. Always Provide Proper FMLA Notices





## 29 CFR § 825.302 Administration Procedure

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- Issue Eligibility and Rights and Responsibilities Notice (WH-381) – within 5 business days after an employee requests FMLA leave or you have knowledge that an employee’s need for leave may be covered by the FMLA.
- Issue Medical Certification Form (WH-380E, for employee’s own serious health condition) – when you issue Eligibility Notice.

## 29 CFR § 825.302 Administration Procedure (continued)

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- Employee returns completed certification form – within 15 calendar days after receipt.
- Advise employee in writing on Designation Notice if certification is incomplete or insufficient and state what additional information is necessary.
- Employee returns revised certification – within 7 calendar days.

## 29 CFR § 825.302 Administration Procedure (continued)

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- Issue Designation Notice (WH-382) – within 5 business days after receiving enough information to determine whether leave is covered by FMLA.

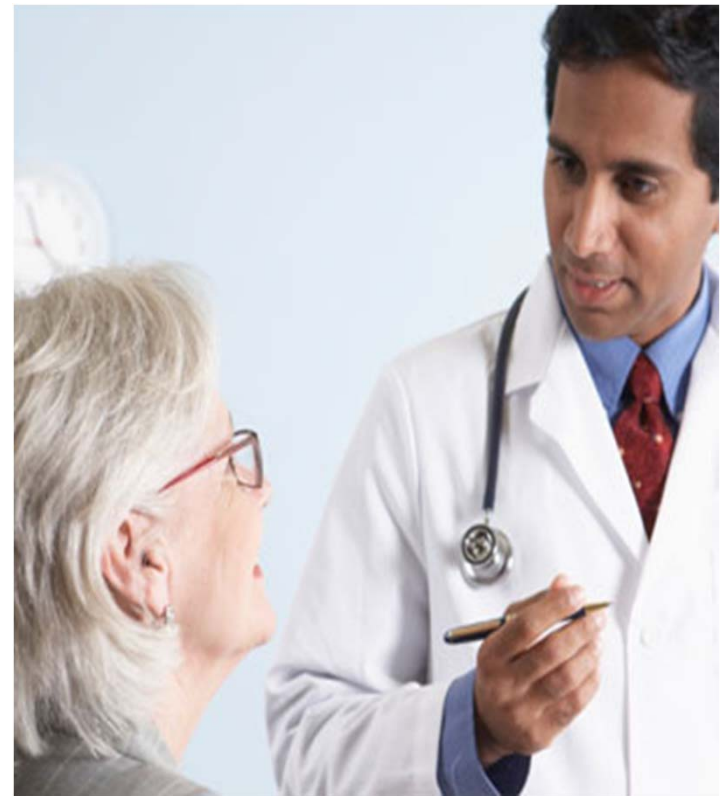
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**III. Always examine the medical certification form to determine if the employee's condition is REALLY covered by FMLA and, if so, for what specific periods of time.**

# Reviewing certification forms

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- Is it complete?
- Is it vague, ambiguous or nonresponsive?
- Do the medical facts fit the definition of a condition covered by FMLA?
- Do you have reason to doubt the validity of the medical certification?
- What if the Employee fails to provide one?



# Medical Certification

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- If an employee fails to provide a medical certification, it can be an independent basis for denying FMLA leave.
  - *Kinds v. Ohio Bell Telephone Co.*, 724 F.3d 648 (6th Cir. 2013)
- Similarly, if the employee did not comply with the employer's request for a medical certification, the employer may treat the employee's absence as non-FMLA Leave.
  - *Poling v. Core MFG. Technologies*, 2012 WL 423762 (S. D. Ohio)

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**IV. 29 CFR § 825.312**  
**Fitness for Duty Certification**

**An employer may seek a fitness for duty certification with regard to the particular health condition that caused the employee's need for FMLA leave if pursuant to a uniformly applied policy or practice.**

## Fitness for Duty Certification (continued)

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- The certification from the employee's health care provider must certify that the employee is able to resume work.
- Additionally, an employer may require that the certification specifically address the employer's ability to perform the essential functions of the employee's job.



## Fitness for Duty Certification (continued)

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- An employer must provide an employee with a list of the essential functions of the employee's job no later than with the designation notice, and must indicate in the designation notice that the certification must address the employee's ability to perform those essential functions.
- An employee who does not provide a fitness for duty certification or requests additional FMLA leave is no longer entitled to reinstatement *under the FMLA*.

## Fitness for Duty Certification (continued)

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- Unless the employee provides either a fitness for duty certification or new medical certification for a serious health condition at the time FMLA leave is concluded, the employee may be terminated. 29 CFR § 825.313(d).
- What about the ADA?

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## V. Recognize and Manage Intermittent Leave



## Intermittent Leave

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- Available for birth, adoption, foster care, and caring for newborn or newly placed child only if employer agrees.



# Intermittent Leave Serious Health Conditions

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- When “medically necessary” for employees with a serious health condition, a covered family member with a serious health condition, for military caregiver or qualifying exigency leave.
- Employees required to schedule treatment at times that do not unduly interrupt operations.
- Employees required to follow usual and customary notice procedures for requesting leave.

## Some Things to Consider

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- Consider recertification (may be requested after the duration in the certification or every six months), or when there are changed circumstances.
- Consider obtaining a second or third opinion on the need for intermittent leave.
- When the leave is for planned medical treatment, consider a temporary transfer to an alternative position with equivalent pay and benefits.
- Monitor and require new certifications when appropriate during your FMLA 12-month period. Then consider second and/or third opinions again.

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**VI. An Employer May Condition FMLA –  
Protected Leave on Compliance with  
Its Usual Attendance Notice Policies  
(29 CFR 825.302(d))**

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- An employer may require an employee to comply the employer's usual and customary notice and procedural requirements for requesting leave (absent unusual circumstances).
  - Employer can enforce its notice policies even if the requirements go beyond the bare minimum that would generally be sufficient under the FMLA to constitute proper notice.



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- An employee may be required by an employer's policy to contact a specific individual.
  - Where an employee does not comply with the employer's usual notice and procedural requirements, and no unusual circumstances justify the failure to comply, FMLA protected leave may be delayed or denied.

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- Therefore, to take advantage of this regulation Employers must have a policy governing absences, leave, etc. that is applied in a non-discriminatory manner.

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## **VII. Application Of The FMLA To Same Sex Marriage**

In the wake of the Supreme Court declaring part of the Defense of Marriage Act (DOMA) unconstitutional, the DOL published guidance to clarify that under the FMLA, same-sex spouse employees maybe eligible for leave to care for a seriously ill spouse or for activities related to a spouse's military deployment

# Application Of The FMLA To Same Sex Marriage

(continued)

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- This guidance does not modify current FMLA regulations that recognize that a spouse is determined under the laws of the state in which the employee resides.

# Application Of The FMLA To Same Sex Marriage

(continued)

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- DOL fact sheet #28F confirms that lawfully same-sex couples who live in a state that recognizes same-sex marriage will be entitled to up to 12-weeks of FMLA leave to care for a seriously ill spouse or for activities that arise in connection with a military spouse's deployment; and up to 26 weeks of caregiver leave for a military spouse who is seriously injured or ill, if they are eligible for FMLA leave

# Application Of The FMLA To Same Sex Marriage

(continued)

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- Employers would not be required to make FMLA Leave available to a same-sex spouse who resides in a state that has its own DOMA law and does not recognize same-sex marriage.

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**VIII. CONTINUE TO READ, REVIEW AND  
UNDERSTAND THE FMLA  
REGULATIONS**







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**Somebody  
has to read  
them!**

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**The Family and Medical Leave Act and Regulations are some of the most complex areas that we as Human Resource Managers and Employment Attorneys work with.**

**With regard to this minefield, it is important to continue to read and review the regulations, attend training such as this, and keep abreast of recent developments.**

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# **You Can Have More Successes Than Failures In FMLA Administration**

# BEST PRACTICES

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- Consider that a request for FMLA leave can also be a request for reasonable accommodation under the ADAAA.
- Develop a system for reaching out to employees nearing the end of FMLA leave to inquire about status and intent to return to work.
- At the end of FMLA leave consider whether there is a request for additional leave implicating the ADAAA.

## BEST PRACTICES (continued)

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- If so, consider reasonable accommodation and undue hardship issues.
- Always provide proper FMLA notices and understand the use of each DOL form.
- Have a uniform and non-discriminatory policy concerning the fitness for duty certification and require one.

## BEST PRACTICES (continued)

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- Understand both the employer's and employee's obligations and rights concerning the issuing of medical certification and its return by the employee.
- Learn how to manage (as best as possible) intermittent leave.
- Revise your FMLA Policy in your employee handbook both for legal compliance and attendance and notice policies, fitness for duty policies, etc.

## BEST PRACTICES (continued)

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- If you have not done so, read, review and understand the FMLA regulations.
- Train managers and supervisors to recognize and report potential FMLA covered absences.
- Train managers and supervisors on the retaliation/interference obligations of the FMLA.
- Train managers and supervisors of the interplay between the FMLA and the ADAAA.

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**FMILA:**  
*The Fridays and  
Mondays Leave Act*



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Certification of Health Care Provider for  
Employee's Serious Health Condition  
(Family and Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor  
Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1235-0003  
Expires: 2/28/2015

**SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYER**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER:** The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA protections because of a need for leave due to a serious health condition to submit a medical certification issued by the employee's health care provider. Please complete Section I before giving this form to your employee. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.306-825.308. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 C.F.R. § 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies.

Employer name and contact: \_\_\_\_\_

Employee's job title: \_\_\_\_\_ Regular work schedule: \_\_\_\_\_

Employee's essential job functions: \_\_\_\_\_

Check if job description is attached: \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION II: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYEE:** Please complete Section II before giving this form to your medical provider. The FMLA permits an employer to require that you submit a timely, complete, and sufficient medical certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to your own serious health condition. If requested by your employer, your response is required to obtain or retain the benefit of FMLA protections. 29 U.S.C. §§ 2613, 2614(c)(3). Failure to provide a complete and sufficient medical certification may result in a denial of your FMLA request. 20 C.F.R. § 825.313. Your employer must give you at least 15 calendar days to return this form. 29 C.F.R. § 825.305(b).

Your name: \_\_\_\_\_  
First Middle Last

**SECTION III: For Completion by the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER:** Your patient has requested leave under the FMLA. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the employee is seeking leave. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.

Provider's name and business address: \_\_\_\_\_

Type of practice / Medical specialty: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: ( ) Fax: ( )

**PART A: MEDICAL FACTS**

1. Approximate date condition commenced: \_\_\_\_\_

Probable duration of condition: \_\_\_\_\_

**Mark below as applicable:**

Was the patient admitted for an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility?

No  Yes. If so, dates of admission:

\_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) you treated the patient for condition:

\_\_\_\_\_

Will the patient need to have treatment visits at least twice per year due to the condition?  No  Yes.

Was medication, other than over-the-counter medication, prescribed?  No  Yes.

Was the patient referred to other health care provider(s) for evaluation or treatment (e.g., physical therapist)?

No  Yes. If so, state the nature of such treatments and expected duration of treatment:

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Is the medical condition pregnancy?  No  Yes. If so, expected delivery date: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Use the information provided by the employer in Section I to answer this question. If the employer fails to provide a list of the employee's essential functions or a job description, answer these questions based upon the employee's own description of his/her job functions.

Is the employee unable to perform any of his/her job functions due to the condition:  No  Yes.

If so, identify the job functions the employee is unable to perform:

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Describe other relevant medical facts, if any, related to the condition for which the employee seeks leave (such medical facts may include symptoms, diagnosis, or any regimen of continuing treatment such as the use of specialized equipment):

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**PART B: AMOUNT OF LEAVE NEEDED**

5. Will the employee be incapacitated for a single continuous period of time due to his/her medical condition, including any time for treatment and recovery? \_\_\_ No \_\_\_ Yes.

If so, estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of incapacity: \_\_\_\_\_

6. Will the employee need to attend follow-up treatment appointments or work part-time or on a reduced schedule because of the employee's medical condition? \_\_\_ No \_\_\_ Yes.

If so, are the treatments or the reduced number of hours of work medically necessary?  
\_\_\_ No \_\_\_ Yes.

Estimate treatment schedule, if any, including the dates of any scheduled appointments and the time required for each appointment, including any recovery period:

\_\_\_\_\_

Estimate the part-time or reduced work schedule the employee needs, if any:

\_\_\_\_\_ hour(s) per day; \_\_\_\_\_ days per week from \_\_\_\_\_ through \_\_\_\_\_

7. Will the condition cause episodic flare-ups periodically preventing the employee from performing his/her job functions? \_\_\_ No \_\_\_ Yes.

Is it medically necessary for the employee to be absent from work during the flare-ups?  
\_\_\_ No \_\_\_ Yes. If so, explain:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Based upon the patient's medical history and your knowledge of the medical condition, estimate the frequency of flare-ups and the duration of related incapacity that the patient may have over the next 6 months (e.g., 1 episode every 3 months lasting 1-2 days):

Frequency : \_\_\_\_\_ times per \_\_\_\_\_ week(s) \_\_\_\_\_ month(s)

Duration: \_\_\_\_\_ hours or \_\_\_ day(s) per episode

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: IDENTIFY QUESTION NUMBER WITH YOUR ADDITIONAL ANSWER.**

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_





**SECTION III: For Completion by the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER:** The employee listed above has requested leave under the FMLA to care for your patient. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts below. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as “lifetime,” “unknown,” or “indeterminate” may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the condition for which the patient needs leave. Page 3 provides space for additional information, should you need it. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.

Provider’s name and business address: \_\_\_\_\_

Type of practice / Medical specialty: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: ( \_\_\_\_\_ ) \_\_\_\_\_ Fax:( \_\_\_\_\_ ) \_\_\_\_\_

**PART A: MEDICAL FACTS**

1. Approximate date condition commenced: \_\_\_\_\_

Probable duration of condition: \_\_\_\_\_

Was the patient admitted for an overnight stay in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility?  
 No  Yes. If so, dates of admission: \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) you treated the patient for condition: \_\_\_\_\_

Was medication, other than over-the-counter medication, prescribed?  No  Yes.

Will the patient need to have treatment visits at least twice per year due to the condition?  No  Yes

Was the patient referred to other health care provider(s) for evaluation or treatment (e.g., physical therapist)?  
 No  Yes. If so, state the nature of such treatments and expected duration of treatment:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. Is the medical condition pregnancy?  No  Yes. If so, expected delivery date: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Describe other relevant medical facts, if any, related to the condition for which the patient needs care (such as medical facts may include symptoms, diagnosis, or any regimen of continuing treatment such as the use of specialized equipment):

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**PART B: AMOUNT OF CARE NEEDED:** When answering these questions, keep in mind that your patient's need for care by the employee seeking leave may include assistance with basic medical, hygienic, nutritional, safety or transportation needs, or the provision of physical or psychological care:

4. Will the patient be incapacitated for a single continuous period of time, including any time for treatment and recovery?  No  Yes.

Estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of incapacity: \_\_\_\_\_

During this time, will the patient need care?  No  Yes.

Explain the care needed by the patient and why such care is medically necessary:

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5. Will the patient require follow-up treatments, including any time for recovery?  No  Yes.

Estimate treatment schedule, if any, including the dates of any scheduled appointments and the time required for each appointment, including any recovery period:

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Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary: \_\_\_\_\_

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6. Will the patient require care on an intermittent or reduced schedule basis, including any time for recovery?  No  Yes.

Estimate the hours the patient needs care on an intermittent basis, if any:

\_\_\_\_\_ hour(s) per day; \_\_\_\_\_ days per week from \_\_\_\_\_ through \_\_\_\_\_

Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary:

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7. Will the condition cause episodic flare-ups periodically preventing the patient from participating in normal daily activities? \_\_\_ No \_\_\_ Yes.

Based upon the patient's medical history and your knowledge of the medical condition, estimate the frequency of flare-ups and the duration of related incapacity that the patient may have over the next 6 months (e.g., 1 episode every 3 months lasting 1-2 days):

Frequency: \_\_\_ times per \_\_\_ week(s) \_\_\_ month(s)

Duration: \_\_\_ hours or \_\_\_ day(s) per episode

Does the patient need care during these flare-ups? \_\_\_ No \_\_\_ Yes.

Explain the care needed by the patient, and why such care is medically necessary: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: IDENTIFY QUESTION NUMBER WITH YOUR ADDITIONAL ANSWER.**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Signature of Health Care Provider**

\_\_\_\_\_  
**Date**

**PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT**

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. **DO NOT SEND COMPLETED FORM TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR; RETURN TO THE PATIENT.**

Notice of Eligibility and Rights & Responsibilities  
(Family and Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor  
Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1235-0003  
Expires: 2/28/2015

In general, to be eligible an employee must have worked for an employer for at least 12 months, meet the hours of service requirement in the 12 months preceding the leave, and work at a site with at least 50 employees within 75 miles. While use of this form by employers is optional, a fully completed Form WH-381 provides employees with the information required by 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(b), which must be provided within five business days of the employee notifying the employer of the need for FMLA leave. Part B provides employees with information regarding their rights and responsibilities for taking FMLA leave, as required by 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(b), (c).

**[Part A – NOTICE OF ELIGIBILITY]**

TO: \_\_\_\_\_  
Employee

FROM: \_\_\_\_\_  
Employer Representative

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

On \_\_\_\_\_, you informed us that you needed leave beginning on \_\_\_\_\_ for:

- The birth of a child, or placement of a child with you for adoption or foster care;
- Your own serious health condition;
- Because you are needed to care for your \_\_\_\_\_ spouse; \_\_\_\_\_ child; \_\_\_\_\_ parent due to his/her serious health condition.
- Because of a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that your \_\_\_\_\_ spouse; \_\_\_\_\_ son or daughter; \_\_\_\_\_ parent is on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status with the Armed Forces.
- Because you are the \_\_\_\_\_ spouse; \_\_\_\_\_ son or daughter; \_\_\_\_\_ parent; \_\_\_\_\_ next of kin of a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness.

This Notice is to inform you that you:

- Are eligible for FMLA leave (See Part B below for Rights and Responsibilities)
- Are **not** eligible for FMLA leave, because (only one reason need be checked, although you may not be eligible for other reasons):
  - You have not met the FMLA's 12-month length of service requirement. As of the first date of requested leave, you will have worked approximately \_\_\_\_\_ months towards this requirement.
  - You have not met the FMLA's hours of service requirement.
  - You do not work and/or report to a site with 50 or more employees within 75-miles.

If you have any questions, contact \_\_\_\_\_ or view the FMLA poster located in \_\_\_\_\_.

**[PART B-RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR TAKING FMLA LEAVE]**

As explained in Part A, you meet the eligibility requirements for taking FMLA leave and still have FMLA leave available in the applicable 12-month period. **However, in order for us to determine whether your absence qualifies as FMLA leave, you must return the following information to us by \_\_\_\_\_.** (If a certification is requested, employers must allow at least 15 calendar days from receipt of this notice; additional time may be required in some circumstances.) If sufficient information is not provided in a timely manner, your leave may be denied.

- Sufficient certification to support your request for FMLA leave. A certification form that sets forth the information necessary to support your request \_\_\_\_\_ is/\_\_\_\_\_ is not enclosed.
- Sufficient documentation to establish the required relationship between you and your family member.
- Other information needed (such as documentation for military family leave): \_\_\_\_\_

No additional information requested

If your leave does qualify as FMLA leave you will have the following responsibilities while on FMLA leave (only checked blanks apply):

Contact \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ to make arrangements to continue to make your share of the premium payments on your health insurance to maintain health benefits while you are on leave. You have a minimum 30-day (or, indicate longer period, if applicable) grace period in which to make premium payments. If payment is not made timely, your group health insurance may be cancelled, provided we notify you in writing at least 15 days before the date that your health coverage will lapse, or, at our option, we may pay your share of the premiums during FMLA leave, and recover these payments from you upon your return to work.

You will be required to use your available paid \_\_\_\_\_ sick, \_\_\_\_\_ vacation, and/or \_\_\_\_\_ other leave during your FMLA absence. This means that you will receive your paid leave and the leave will also be considered protected FMLA leave and counted against your FMLA leave entitlement.

Due to your status within the company, you are considered a "key employee" as defined in the FMLA. As a "key employee," restoration to employment may be denied following FMLA leave on the grounds that such restoration will cause substantial and grievous economic injury to us. We \_\_\_\_\_ have/\_\_\_\_\_ have not determined that restoring you to employment at the conclusion of FMLA leave will cause substantial and grievous economic harm to us.

While on leave you will be required to furnish us with periodic reports of your status and intent to return to work every \_\_\_\_\_. (Indicate interval of periodic reports, as appropriate for the particular leave situation).

If the circumstances of your leave change, and you are able to return to work earlier than the date indicated on the this form, you will be required to notify us at least two workdays prior to the date you intend to report for work.

If your leave does qualify as FMLA leave you will have the following rights while on FMLA leave:

- You have a right under the FMLA for up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave in a 12-month period calculated as:
  - \_\_\_\_\_ the calendar year (January – December).
  - \_\_\_\_\_ a fixed leave year based on \_\_\_\_\_.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ the 12-month period measured forward from the date of your first FMLA leave usage.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ a "rolling" 12-month period measured backward from the date of any FMLA leave usage.
- You have a right under the FMLA for up to 26 weeks of unpaid leave in a single 12-month period to care for a covered servicemember with a serious injury or illness. This single 12-month period commenced on \_\_\_\_\_.
- Your health benefits must be maintained during any period of unpaid leave under the same conditions as if you continued to work.
- You must be reinstated to the same or an equivalent job with the same pay, benefits, and terms and conditions of employment on your return from FMLA-protected leave. (If your leave extends beyond the end of your FMLA entitlement, you do not have return rights under FMLA.)
- If you do not return to work following FMLA leave for a reason other than: 1) the continuation, recurrence, or onset of a serious health condition which would entitle you to FMLA leave; 2) the continuation, recurrence, or onset of a covered servicemember's serious injury or illness which would entitle you to FMLA leave; or 3) other circumstances beyond your control, you may be required to reimburse us for our share of health insurance premiums paid on your behalf during your FMLA leave.
- If we have not informed you above that you must use accrued paid leave while taking your unpaid FMLA leave entitlement, you have the right to have \_\_\_\_\_ sick, \_\_\_\_\_ vacation, and/or \_\_\_\_\_ other leave run concurrently with your unpaid leave entitlement, provided you meet any applicable requirements of the leave policy. Applicable conditions related to the substitution of paid leave are referenced or set forth below. If you do not meet the requirements for taking paid leave, you remain entitled to take unpaid FMLA leave.

\_\_\_\_\_ For a copy of conditions applicable to sick/vacation/other leave usage please refer to \_\_\_\_\_ available at: \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_ Applicable conditions for use of paid leave: \_\_\_\_\_

Once we obtain the information from you as specified above, we will inform you, within 5 business days, whether your leave will be designated as FMLA leave and count towards your FMLA leave entitlement. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact:

\_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_.

**PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT**

It is mandatory for employers to provide employees with notice of their eligibility for FMLA protection and their rights and responsibilities. 29 U.S.C. § 2617; 29 C.F.R. § 825.300(b), (c). It is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 10 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. **DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION.**

Designation Notice  
(Family and Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor  
Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1235-0003  
Expires: 2/28/2015

Leave covered under the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) must be designated as FMLA-protected and the employer must inform the employee of the amount of leave that will be counted against the employee's FMLA leave entitlement. In order to determine whether leave is covered under the FMLA, the employer may request that the leave be supported by a certification. If the certification is incomplete or insufficient, the employer must state in writing what additional information is necessary to make the certification complete and sufficient. While use of this form by employers is optional, a fully completed Form WH-382 provides an easy method of providing employees with the written information required by 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.300(c), 825.301, and 825.305(c).

To: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

We have reviewed your request for leave under the FMLA and any supporting documentation that you have provided. We received your most recent information on \_\_\_\_\_ and decided:

\_\_\_\_\_ **Your FMLA leave request is approved. All leave taken for this reason will be designated as FMLA leave.**

**The FMLA requires that you notify us as soon as practicable if dates of scheduled leave change or are extended, or were initially unknown. Based on the information you have provided to date, we are providing the following information about the amount of time that will be counted against your leave entitlement:**

\_\_\_\_\_ Provided there is no deviation from your anticipated leave schedule, the following number of hours, days, or weeks will be counted against your leave entitlement: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ Because the leave you will need will be unscheduled, it is not possible to provide the hours, days, or weeks that will be counted against your FMLA entitlement at this time. You have the right to request this information once in a 30-day period (if leave was taken in the 30-day period).

**Please be advised (check if applicable):**

\_\_\_\_\_ You have requested to use paid leave during your FMLA leave. Any paid leave taken for this reason will count against your FMLA leave entitlement.

\_\_\_\_\_ We are requiring you to substitute or use paid leave during your FMLA leave.

\_\_\_\_\_ You will be required to present a fitness-for-duty certificate to be restored to employment. If such certification is not timely received, your return to work may be delayed until certification is provided. A list of the essential functions of your position \_\_\_\_\_ **is** \_\_\_\_\_ **is not** attached. If attached, the fitness-for-duty certification must address your ability to perform these functions.

\_\_\_\_\_ **Additional information is needed to determine if your FMLA leave request can be approved:**

\_\_\_\_\_ The certification you have provided is not complete and sufficient to determine whether the FMLA applies to your leave request. You must provide the following information no later than \_\_\_\_\_, unless it is not practicable under the particular circumstances despite your diligent good faith efforts, or your leave may be denied.  
(Provide at least seven calendar days)

(Specify information needed to make the certification complete and sufficient)

\_\_\_\_\_ We are exercising our right to have you obtain a second or third opinion medical certification at our expense, and we will provide further details at a later time.

\_\_\_\_\_ Your FMLA Leave request is Not Approved.

\_\_\_\_\_ The FMLA does not apply to your leave request.

\_\_\_\_\_ You have exhausted your FMLA leave entitlement in the applicable 12-month period.

**PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT**

It is mandatory for employers to inform employees in writing whether leave requested under the FMLA has been determined to be covered under the FMLA. 29 U.S.C. § 2617; 29 C.F.R. §§ 825.300(d), (e). It is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. § 2616; 29 C.F.R. § 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 10 – 30 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. **DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION.**

Certification of Qualifying Exigency  
For Military Family Leave  
(Family and Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor  
Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1235-0003  
Expires: 2/ 28/2015

**SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYER**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER:** The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency to submit a certification. Please complete Section I before giving this form to your employee. Your response is voluntary, and while you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 CFR 825.309.

Employer name: \_\_\_\_\_

Contact Information: \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION II: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYEE:** Please complete Section II fully and completely. The FMLA permits an employer to require that you submit a timely, complete, and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency. Several questions in this section seek a response as to the frequency or duration of the qualifying exigency. Be as specific as you can; terms such as “unknown,” or “indeterminate” may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Your response is required to obtain a benefit. 29 CFR 825.310. While you are not required to provide this information, failure to do so may result in a denial of your request for FMLA leave. Your employer must give you at least 15 calendar days to return this form to your employer.

Your Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
First Middle Last

Name of military member on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status:  
\_\_\_\_\_  
First Middle Last

Relationship of military member to you: \_\_\_\_\_

Period of military member’s covered active duty: \_\_\_\_\_

A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency includes written documentation confirming a military member’s covered active duty or call to covered active duty status. Please check one of the following and attach the indicated document to support that the military member is on covered active duty or call to covered active duty status.

- A copy of the military member’s covered active duty orders is attached.
- Other documentation from the military certifying that the military member is on covered active duty (or has been notified of an impending call to covered active duty) is attached.
- I have previously provided my employer with sufficient written documentation confirming the military member’s covered active duty or call to covered active duty status.

**PART A: QUALIFYING REASON FOR LEAVE**

1. Describe the reason you are requesting FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency (including the specific reason you are requesting leave):

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2. A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a qualifying exigency includes any available written documentation which supports the need for leave; such documentation may include a copy of a meeting announcement for informational briefings sponsored by the military; a document confirming the military member's Rest and Recuperation leave; a document confirming an appointment with a third party, such as a counselor or school official, or staff at a care facility; or a copy of a bill for services for the handling of legal or financial affairs. Available written documentation supporting this request for leave is attached.

Yes       No       None Available

**PART B: AMOUNT OF LEAVE NEEDED**

1. Approximate date exigency commenced: \_\_\_\_\_

Probable duration of exigency: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Will you need to be absent from work for a single continuous period of time due to the qualifying exigency?

Yes       No

If so, estimate the beginning and ending dates for the period of absence:

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3. Will you need to be absent from work periodically to address this qualifying exigency?    Yes     No

Estimate schedule of leave, including the dates of any scheduled meetings or appointments:

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Estimate the frequency and duration of each appointment, meeting, or leave event, including any travel time (i.e., 1 deployment-related meeting every month lasting 4 hours):

Frequency: \_\_\_\_\_ times per \_\_\_\_\_ week(s) \_\_\_\_\_ month(s)

Duration: \_\_\_\_\_ hours \_\_\_\_\_ day(s) per event.

**PART C:**

If leave is requested to meet with a third party (such as to arrange for childcare or parental care, to attend counseling, to attend meetings with school, childcare or parental care providers, to make financial or legal arrangements, to act as the military member's representative before a federal, state, or local agency for purposes of obtaining, arranging or appealing military service benefits, or to attend any event sponsored by the military or military service organizations), a complete and sufficient certification includes the name, address, and appropriate contact information of the individual or entity with whom you are meeting (i.e., either the telephone or fax number or email address of the individual or entity). This information may be used by your employer to verify that the information contained on this form is accurate.

Name of Individual: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Organization: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_ Fax: (\_\_\_\_\_) \_\_\_\_\_

Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Describe nature of meeting: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**PART D:**

I certify that the information I provided above is true and correct.

Signature of Employee \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT**

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years. 29 U.S.C. 2616; 29 CFR 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution AV, NW, Washington, DC 20210. **DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION; RETURN IT TO THE EMPLOYER.**

Certification for Serious Injury or  
Illness of a Current  
Servicemember - -for Military Family Leave  
(Family and Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor

Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1235-0003  
Expires: 2/28/2015

**Notice to the EMPLOYER**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYER:** The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a current servicemember to submit a certification providing sufficient facts to support the request for leave. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 CFR 825.310. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees or employees' family members created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 CFR 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies.

**SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the CURRENT SERVICEMEMBER for whom the Employee Is Requesting Leave**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYEE or CURRENT SERVICEMEMBER:** Please complete Section I before having Section II completed. The FMLA permits an employer to require that an employee submit a timely, complete, and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a servicemember. If requested by the employer, your response is required to obtain or retain the benefit of FMLA-protected leave. 29 U.S.C. 2613, 2614(c)(3). Failure to do so may result in a denial of an employee's FMLA request. 29 CFR 825.310(f). The employer must give an employee at least 15 calendar days to return this form to the employer.

**SECTION II: For Completion by a UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ("DOD") HEALTH CARE PROVIDER or a HEALTH CARE PROVIDER who is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs ("VA") health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; (3) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider; or (4) a health care provider as defined in 29 CFR 825.125**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER:** The employee listed on Page 2 has requested leave under the FMLA to care for a family member who is a current member of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard, or the Reserves who is undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, is otherwise in outpatient status, or is otherwise on the temporary disability retired list for a serious injury or illness. For purposes of FMLA leave, a serious injury or illness is one that was incurred in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces or that existed before the beginning of the member's active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of his or her office, grade, rank, or rating.

A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA leave due to a current servicemember's serious injury or illness includes written documentation confirming that the servicemember's injury or illness was incurred in the line of duty on active duty or if not, that the current servicemember's injury or illness existed before the beginning of the servicemember's active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces, and that the current servicemember is undergoing treatment for such injury or illness by a health care provider listed above. Answer, fully and completely, all applicable parts. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as "lifetime," "unknown," or "indeterminate" may not be sufficient to determine FMLA coverage. Limit your responses to the servicemember's condition for which the employee is seeking leave.



**SECTION I: For Completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the CURRENT SERVICEMEMBER for whom the Employee Is Requesting Leave:**

(This section must be completed first before any of the below sections can be completed by a health care provider.)

**Part A: EMPLOYEE INFORMATION**

Name and Address of Employer (this is the employer of the employee requesting leave to care for the current servicemember):

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Name of Employee Requesting Leave to Care for the Current Servicemember:

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First

Middle

Last

Name of the Current Servicemember (for whom employee is requesting leave to care):

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First

Middle

Last

Relationship of Employee to the Current Servicemember:

Spouse  Parent  Son  Daughter  Next of Kin

**Part B: SERVICEMEMBER INFORMATION**

(1) Is the Servicemember a Current Member of the Regular Armed Forces, the National Guard or Reserves?  
Yes  No

If yes, please provide the servicemember's military branch, rank and unit currently assigned to:

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Is the servicemember assigned to a military medical treatment facility as an outpatient or to a unit established for the purpose of providing command and control of members of the Armed Forces receiving medical care as outpatients (such as a medical hold or warrior transition unit)?

Yes  No

If yes, please provide the name of the medical treatment facility or unit:

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(2) Is the Servicemember on the Temporary Disability Retired List (TDRL)?  
Yes  No

**Part C: CARE TO BE PROVIDED TO THE SERVICEMEMBER**

Describe the Care to Be Provided to the Current Servicemember and an Estimate of the Leave Needed to Provide the Care:

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**SECTION II: For Completion by a United States Department of Defense (“DOD”) Health Care Provider or a Health Care Provider who is either: (1) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs (“VA”) health care provider; (2) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; (3) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider; or (4) a health care provider as defined in 29 CFR 825.125. If you are unable to make certain of the military-related determinations contained below in Part B, you are permitted to rely upon determinations from an authorized DOD representative (such as a DOD recovery care coordinator).**

(Please ensure that Section I above has been completed before completing this section. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page.)

**Part A: HEALTH CARE PROVIDER INFORMATION**

Health Care Provider’s Name and Business Address:

\_\_\_\_\_

Type of Practice/Medical Specialty: \_\_\_\_\_

Please state whether you are either: (1) a DOD health care provider; (2) a VA health care provider; (3) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; (4) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider, or (5) a health care provider as defined in 29 CFR 825.125:

\_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Fax: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_

**PART B: MEDICAL STATUS**

(1) The current Servicemember’s medical condition is classified as (Check One of the Appropriate Boxes):

**(VSI) Very Seriously Ill/Injured** – Illness/Injury is of such a severity that life is imminently endangered. Family members are requested at bedside immediately. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD healthcare providers.)

**(SI) Seriously Ill/Injured** – Illness/injury is of such severity that there is cause for immediate concern, but there is no imminent danger to life. Family members are requested at bedside. (Please note this is an internal DOD casualty assistance designation used by DOD healthcare providers.)

**OTHER Ill/Injured** – a serious injury or illness that may render the servicemember medically unfit to perform the duties of the member’s office, grade, rank, or rating.

**NONE OF THE ABOVE** (Note to Employee: If this box is checked, you may still be eligible to take leave to care for a covered family member with a “serious health condition” under § 825.113 of the FMLA. If such leave is requested, you may be required to complete DOL FORM WH-380-F or an employer-provided form seeking the same information.)

(2) Is the current Servicemember being treated for a condition which was incurred or aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes  No

(3) Approximate date condition commenced: \_\_\_\_\_

(4) Probable duration of condition and/or need for care: \_\_\_\_\_

(5) Is the servicemember undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for this condition? Yes  No

If yes, please describe medical treatment, recuperation or therapy:

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**PART C: SERVICEMEMBER'S NEED FOR CARE BY FAMILY MEMBER**

(1) Will the servicemember need care for a single continuous period of time, including any time for treatment and recovery? Yes  No

If yes, estimate the beginning and ending dates for this period of time: \_\_\_\_\_

(2) Will the servicemember require periodic follow-up treatment appointments? Yes  No

If yes, estimate the treatment schedule: \_\_\_\_\_

(3) Is there a medical necessity for the servicemember to have periodic care for these follow-up treatment appointments? Yes  No

(4) Is there a medical necessity for the servicemember to have periodic care for other than scheduled follow-up treatment appointments (e.g., episodic flare-ups of medical condition)?  
Yes  No

If yes, please estimate the frequency and duration of the periodic care:

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**Signature of Health Care Provider:** \_\_\_\_\_ **Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

**PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT**

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years, in accordance with 29 U.S.C. 2616; 29 CFR 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution AV, NW, Washington, DC 20210. **DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION; RETURN IT TO THE PATIENT.**

Certification for Serious Injury  
or Illness of a Veteran for  
Military Caregiver Leave  
(Family and Medical Leave Act)

U.S. Department of Labor  
Wage and Hour Division



OMB Control Number: 1235-0003  
Expires: 2/28/2015

**Notice to the EMPLOYER**

The Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) provides that an employer may require an employee seeking military caregiver leave under the FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered veteran to submit a certification providing sufficient facts to support the request for leave. Your response is voluntary. While you are not required to use this form, you may not ask the employee to provide more information than allowed under the FMLA regulations, 29 CFR 825.310. Employers must generally maintain records and documents relating to medical certifications, recertifications, or medical histories of employees or employees' family members, created for FMLA purposes as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the usual personnel files and in accordance with 29 CFR 1630.14(c)(1), if the Americans with Disabilities Act applies.

**SECTION I: For completion by the EMPLOYEE and/or the VETERAN for whom the employee is requesting leave**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the EMPLOYEE and/or VETERAN:** Please complete Section I before having Section II completed. The FMLA permits an employer to require that an employee submit a timely, complete, and sufficient certification to support a request for military caregiver leave under the FMLA leave due to a serious injury or illness of a covered veteran. If requested by the employer, your response is required to obtain or retain the benefit of FMLA-protected leave. 29 U.S.C. 2613, 2614(c)(3). Failure to do so may result in a denial of an employee's FMLA request. 29 CFR 825.310(f). The employer must give an employee at least 15 calendar days to return this form to the employer.

(This section must be completed before Section II can be completed by a health care provider.)

**Part A: EMPLOYEE INFORMATION**

Name and address of employer (this is the employer of the employee requesting leave to care for a veteran):

\_\_\_\_\_

Name of employee requesting leave to care for a veteran:

\_\_\_\_\_

First	Middle	Last
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Name of veteran (for whom employee is requesting leave):

\_\_\_\_\_

First	Middle	Last
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Relationship of employee to veteran:

Spouse     Parent     Son     Daughter     Next of Kin  (please specify relationship):

**Part B: VETERAN INFORMATION**

(1) Date of the veteran's discharge:

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(2) Was the veteran **dishonorably** discharged or released from the Armed Forces (including the National Guard or Reserves)? Yes  No

(3) Please provide the veteran's military branch, rank and unit at the time of discharge:

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(4) Is the veteran receiving medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for an injury or illness?  
Yes  No

**Part C: CARE TO BE PROVIDED TO THE VETERAN**

Describe the care to be provided to the veteran and an estimate of the leave needed to provide the care:

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**SECTION II: For completion by: (1) a United States Department of Defense (“DOD”) health care provider; (2) a United States Department of Veterans Affairs (“VA”) health care provider; (3) a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider; (4) a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider; or (5) a health care provider as defined in 29 CFR 825.125.**

**INSTRUCTIONS to the HEALTH CARE PROVIDER:** The employee named in Section I has requested leave under the military caregiver leave provision of the FMLA to care for a family member who is a veteran. For purposes of FMLA military caregiver leave, a serious injury or illness means an injury or illness incurred by the servicemember in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces (or that existed before the beginning of the servicemember’s active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces) and manifested itself before or after the servicemember became a veteran, and is:

- (i) a continuation of a serious injury or illness that was incurred or aggravated when the covered veteran was a member of the Armed Forces and rendered the servicemember unable to perform the duties of the servicemember’s office, grade, rank, or rating; or
- (ii) a physical or mental condition for which the covered veteran has received a U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Service Related Disability Rating (VASRD) of 50 percent or greater, and such VASRD rating is based, in whole or in part, on the condition precipitating the need for military caregiver leave; or
- (iii) a physical or mental condition that substantially impairs the covered veteran’s ability to secure or follow a substantially gainful occupation by reason of a disability or disabilities related to military service, or would do so absent treatment; or
- (iv) an injury, including a psychological injury, on the basis of which the covered veteran has been enrolled in the Department of Veterans’ Affairs Program of Comprehensive Assistance for Family Caregivers.

A complete and sufficient certification to support a request for FMLA military caregiver leave due to a covered veteran’s serious injury or illness includes written documentation confirming that the veteran’s injury or illness was incurred in the line of duty on active duty or existed before the beginning of the veteran’s active duty and was aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty, and that the veteran is undergoing treatment, recuperation, or therapy for such injury or illness by a health care provider listed above. Answer fully and completely all applicable parts. Several questions seek a response as to the frequency or duration of a condition, treatment, etc. Your answer should be your best estimate based upon your medical knowledge, experience, and examination of the patient. Be as specific as you can; terms such as “lifetime,” “unknown,” or “indeterminate” may not be sufficient to determine FMLA military caregiver leave coverage. Limit your responses to the veteran’s condition for which the employee is seeking leave.

(Please ensure that Section I has been completed before completing this section. Please be sure to sign the form on the last page and return this form to the employee requesting leave (See Section I, Part A above). **DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION.**)

**Part A: HEALTH CARE PROVIDER INFORMATION**

Health care provider’s name and business address:

\_\_\_\_\_

Telephone: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Fax: ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Type of Practice/Medical Specialty: \_\_\_\_\_

Please indicate if you are:

a DOD health care provider

a VA health care provider

a DOD TRICARE network authorized private health care provider

a DOD non-network TRICARE authorized private health care provider

other health care provider

**PART B: MEDICAL STATUS**

Note: If you are unable to make certain of the military-related determinations contained in Part B, you are permitted to rely upon determinations from an authorized DOD representative (such as, DOD Recovery Care Coordinator) or an authorized VA representative.

- (1) The Veteran's medical condition is:
- A continuation of a serious injury or illness that was incurred or aggravated when the covered veteran was a member of the Armed Forces and rendered the servicemember unable to perform the duties of the servicemember's office, grade, rank, or rating.
  - A physical or mental condition for which the covered veteran has received a U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs Service Related Disability Rating (VASRD) of 50% or higher, and such VASRD rating is based, in whole or in part, on the condition precipitating the need for military caregiver leave.
  - A physical or mental condition that substantially impairs the covered veteran's ability to secure or follow a substantially gainful occupation by reason of a disability or disabilities related to military service, or would do so absent treatment.
  - An injury, including a psychological injury, on the basis of which the covered veteran is enrolled in the Department of Veterans' Affairs Program of Comprehensive Assistance for Family Caregivers.
  - None of the above.
- (2) Is the veteran being treated for a condition which was incurred or aggravated by service in the line of duty on active duty in the Armed Forces?    Yes     No
- (3) Approximate date condition commenced: \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) Probable duration of condition and/or need for care: \_\_\_\_\_
- (5) Is the veteran undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for this condition?    Yes     No
- If yes, please describe medical treatment, recuperation or therapy:
- \_\_\_\_\_

**PART C: VETERAN'S NEED FOR CARE BY FAMILY MEMBER**

"Need for care" encompasses both physical and psychological care. It includes situations where, for example, due to his or her serious injury or illness, the veteran is unable to care for his or her own basic medical, hygienic, or nutritional needs or safety, or is unable to transport him or herself to the doctor. It also includes providing psychological comfort and reassurance which would be beneficial to the veteran who is receiving inpatient or home care.

- (1) Will the veteran need care for a single continuous period of time, including any time for treatment and recovery?    Yes     No
- If yes, estimate the beginning and ending dates for this period of time: \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) Will the veteran require periodic follow-up treatment appointments?    Yes     No
- If yes, estimate the treatment schedule: \_\_\_\_\_

- (3) Is there a medical necessity for the veteran to have periodic care for these follow-up treatment appointments?  
Yes  No
- (4) Is there a medical necessity for the veteran to have periodic care for other than scheduled follow-up treatment appointments (e.g., episodic flare-ups of medical condition)? Yes  No

If yes, please estimate the frequency and duration of the periodic care:

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Signature of Health Care Provider: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT NOTICE AND PUBLIC BURDEN STATEMENT**

If submitted, it is mandatory for employers to retain a copy of this disclosure in their records for three years, in accordance with 29 U.S.C. 2616; 29 CFR 825.500. Persons are not required to respond to this collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The Department of Labor estimates that it will take an average of 20 minutes for respondents to complete this collection of information, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. If you have any comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, send them to the Administrator, Wage and Hour Division, U.S. Department of Labor, Room S-3502, 200 Constitution Ave., NW, Washington, DC 20210. **DO NOT SEND THE COMPLETED FORM TO THE WAGE AND HOUR DIVISION; RETURN IT TO THE EMPLOYEE REQUESTING LEAVE (As shown in Section I, Part "A" above).**